The Structured Evidential Argumentation System

OKMDS Panel Session

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Based on original slides by John Lowrance



What is SEAS?

- SEAS is a software tool for analysts
- That records analytic reasoning and methods
 - using template-based structured argumentation
- That supports collaborative analysis
- Across contemporary and historical situations and analysts
- Used for a variety of applications, and deployed at several sites and internally at SRI.





Why Structured Argumentation?

- Analytic products are typically recorded in text, with very limited structure, making them
 - -Time consuming to find and understand
 - -Difficult to compare and contrast
 - -Difficult to extract the analytic method employed for reuse
- Structured argumentation records analytic products, within simple
 - structures, making them
 - -Easy to understand and explain
 - -Quick to find, compare, and contrast
 - -Separable from their underlying analytic method
 - -Directly modifiable by analysts



- Attempts to capture analytic products as belief nets, with complex
 structure, typically failed because
 - -Analysts resented having their role reduced to data entry
 - -Analysts could not follow the lines of reasoning or explain them to others e.g., the policy and decision makers
 - -Analysts could not create or update the models



SEAS Basics

- At its core, answers a top level question by asking, and answering, more specific questions.
- At the very basic level, questions are arranged as a tree:
 - Higher level nodes represent high level, more abstract questions.
 - Leaves usually correspond to specific questions, often answerable by direct observation and assessment.
 - Lower level answers combine to progressively give a higher level answer.
- Questions generally framed as "yes/no" or on a range.
 - Users answer by assigning a value at a leaf node.
 - Users justify answer by attaching supporting evidence (files and links), as well as a text rationale.



Template Example: Economic Crisis



there problems or developments in the stock market or other investment areas?







Cascaded Arguments Record Complex Lines of Reasoning



Multi-dimensional argument summary

Multiple Views

 Analyses can be viewed using different visualizations, with ability to set elements viewed and level of detail.



Additional Facilities

- Memos, textual notes ("little yellow stickies") can be attached at any node in an analysis, as well as other argumentation structures in SEAS.
 - Permits discussion and commentary on different aspects of an existing analysis, or on a template designed to tackle an analytical problem.
- *Discovery Tools* attached to leaf question nodes store useful queries/heuristics for discovering material relevant to the given question.
 - Can store URIs for web queries, pointers to RSS feeds, textual reminders, etc...







Corporate Memory and Collaboration

- Implements an analytical corporate memory.
 - Best practices and expertise are stored (and retrievable) in the form of templates.
 - Past analyses are be stored, allowing for evaluation of the lines of thinking used to arrive at decisions, and for comparison against current analyses.
- Facilitates different collaboration strategies.
 - Organizes tasking of an analysis for a team (each member responsible for sets of questions).
 - Analysts can work on the same problem independently, and join answers to get a consensus view.



Combining Independent Analyses

- Multiple independent analyses based on the same template can be combined programmatically to arrive at a consensus view.
- Points of agreement and disagreement can be quickly identified.



The Three Waves of SEAS Adoption



- 1. Structured Argumentation
 - Externalization and transparency of thinking and ideas
 - Improves rigor of analysis
 - Speeds analysis
 - Rapid comprehension and comparison
- 2. Collective Reasoning
 - Asynchronous co-authoring and critical review
 - Use of best practice as established by others
 - Simultaneous access to a web server via standard browsers
 - Embedded discussions using memos
- Corporate Memory
 - Repository of opinions and evolution of thinking, not just access to facts
 - An audit trail
 - A means to leverage the successes/failures of the past



Not Just for Analysis

- •SEAS has been used to track project status.
 - Same template was used to query project health each month.
 - Viewed in sequence, trends and problem areas can be identified and corrected.
- Some clients used SEAS to organize their workflows.
 - Used ability to attach documents and references as evidence to organize materials.
 - Answer lights tracked status of product.



Template Construction

- •Currently analysts hand construct templates, either from scratch, or by leveraging other templates.
- •Current ongoing work in using brainstorming and clustering techniques to construct templates.
- •Make use of other knowledge mapping tools and ideas?





Conclusions

- Structured Argumentation has shown that the introduction of simple structure into the analytic process can aid analysts in
 - -developing,
 - -communicating,
 - -explaining, and
 - -comparing analytic results
- Coupled with Collaboration aides and a Corporate Memory of analytic thought allows analysts to
 - -leverage the thinking of others
 - -both past and present

